What is a Link Connector in Revit MEP?

The Link Connector is used to connect multiple connectors together, logically, within a family. It tells Revit that the flow, system, and calculations can move through from one connector to another as if they were one.

When is it used?

You use Link Connector especially in multi-port fittings like:

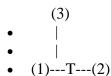
- **Tees**
- Wyes
- Manifolds
- **Complex adapters**

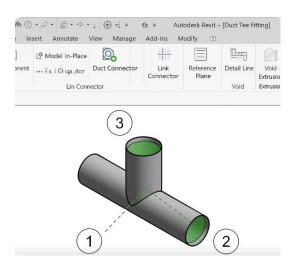
These fittings have three or more connectors, and Revit needs to know how they relate to each other logically and functionally.

****** Example: Creating a Tee Family

Imagine a duct tee:

- **Connector 1**: Main run in
- Connector 2: Main run out
- Connector 3: Branch out





What is a *Link Connector* **in Revit MEP?**

Here's what you do:

- 1. Add all **3 Duct Connectors** to the geometry.
- 2. For the **main run**, link **Connector 1** and **Connector 2** together.
 - Use the **Link Connector** command to select both.
 - o This tells Revit: "These are part of the same logical path, flow continues through here."
- 3. Do **not** link the branch connector (Connector 3) to the others.
 - o It should remain **unlinked**, since it forms a **T-junction** off the main path.

Why is it important?

- Calculations: Helps Revit compute pressure loss, flow direction, etc.
- **System recognition**: Ensures the fitting connects correctly in MEP systems.
- **Correct sizing**: Revit knows where to continue duct/piping sizing logic.

▲ Common Mistakes

Mistake

Problem it Causes

Not using Link Connector Revit doesn't understand how flow passes through.

Linking all connectors

Revit treats it like a straight-through connection; incorrect for

tees.

Wrong connector

direction

Flow direction mismatch, system errors.



In **Family Editor**, once you **link connectors**, Revit **draws a green line** between them. That's how you know they're logically connected.

✓ Summary

In a Tee:

- Link **only** the two in-line connectors (main run).
- **Don't link** the branch connector.
- This defines a proper **flow path** for MEP systems.